#### WELCOME AND OVERVIEW

Three times before the best chess programs in the world have gathered to determine a champion and the excitement surrounding these events has increased each time. First in Stockholm in 1974, KAISSA lead the field, then NUCHESS triumphed in Toronto in 1977, and most recently the current world champion BELLE was crowned in Linz, Austria in 1980. This year's championship, however, promises to outdo all predecessors; it should be the biggest, most exciting, and most suspenseful ever!

BELLE is here ready to defend her title. She recently finished with 8 1/2/12 in the U.S. Open in Los Angeles and earned a performance rating of over 2300. BELLE's task will not be simple. Former World Champion NUCHESS has been improved and hopes to be running on a CRAY-1 computer. CRAY BLITZ is running on a dual-processor CRAY system and has the 1982 Mississippi State Closed Championship to his credit. And NOVAG EXPERIMENTAL recently became the first microcomputer ever to defeat a Master in tournament play (in the U.S. Open in Los Angeles).

A record twenty-two programs will compete representing eight different nations. Included are nine from the USA, three from Canada, three from England, three from West Germany, and one each from Austria, Finland, The Netherlands, and Sweden. About half of the participating computers will be in the game room reflecting the rapid spread of microcomputers. Three entries will use more than one processing unit, a direction that will also become increasingly popular.

As exciting as the games will be, the presence of our Honoured Guest, Dr. Mikhail Botvinnik, former World Champion will add a special dimension. This marks Dr. Botvinnik's first visit to the United States; he travelled to Canada in 1977 for the Second World Computer Chess Championship. Dr. Botvinnik will attend the tournament and will participate in the Awards Presentation on Wednesday, October 26 at the closing Conference Luncheon. Dr. Botvinnik was World Champion for most of the period from 1948-1963. He turned his efforts to computer chess several years later and began developing PIONEER based on his ideas. Dr. Hans Berliner of Carnegie-Mellon University will also be an Honoured Guest. Dr. Berliner is former World Correspondence Chess Champion and has also been a pioneer in the development of chess programs. A backgammon program developed by him defeated the World (Human) Champion in a match in Monte Carlo in 1981.

Mike Valvo will serve as Tournament Director and Emcee. Valvo is an International Master and one of the best blindfold chessplayers in the world. He has served as Tournament Director at the last two ACM tournaments.

The organizers would like to express thanks to the many people and organizations that have supported this event. Texas Instruments so kindly contributed the terminals; financial assistance was provided by Control Data Corporation, SciSys, Haden Software, Fidelity Electronics, Ralph Wanger, Myron Szold, and the Baruch College Chess Club.

Monroe Newborn Ben Mittman, Co-chairmen

Kathe Spracklen, Fund-raising Committe Ken Thompson, Entries Committee David Levy, European Coordinator Robert Hyatt, North American Coordinator Tony Marsland, Communications Jeremy Graham, Local Arrangements Glenda Kittinger, Hospitality

#### IMPORTANT TIMES AND PLACES

#### Schedule:

Saturday, October 22 1983 Round 1: 7.30p.m. Sunday, October 23 1983 Round 2: 1.00p.m. October 23 1983 7.30p.m. Round 3: Sunday, Round 4: 7.30p.m. Monday, October 24 1983 Round 5: Tuesday, October 25 1983 7.30p.m.

#### Location:

The tournament will take place in Royal Ballroom A in the Sheraton Center Hotel.

#### Admission:

Free to ACM Conference atendees. A charge of \$10 for Saturday, Sunday, and Monday for non-ACM members.

ACM Computer and Chess Committee Luncheon:

12.00 noon Monday, October 24 1983. Non-committee members are welcome to attend.

Technical session on computer chess:

Tuesday, October 25, at 4.00p.m.

Moderator: Ben Mittman

Wine and Cheese Party for Participants and Immediates:

Tuesday, October 25, at 5.45 - 7.00p.m.

Awards Ceremony Luncheon:

12.00 noon Wednesday, October 25 1983.

ICCA Triennial Meeting:

Monday, October 24 at 5:00 P.M.

\*Note: Places will be announced at the tournament site.

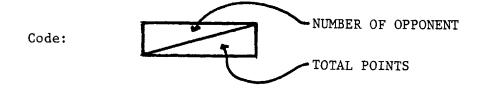
#### SCORECARD

#### FOURTH WORLD COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

#### SPONSORED BY THE ACM

#### SANCTIONED BY THE ICCA

TEAM	ROUND 1	ROUND 2	ROUND 3	ROUND 4	ROUND 5	TOTAL POINTS	FINAL PLACE
1 ADVANCE 3.0 (6)	W21 1	82 2		WI 3	BZ 3	3	8
2 AWIT (26)	MS	WIT			B18-4	4	3
3 BCP $(13)$	B7 0	W& O	B2/ 1		V3 2	2	16
4 BEBE (5)	812		W20 2		W14 - 7	4	2
5 BELLE (/).	B18 1	W11 2		1000	W9 3	3	6
6 BOBBY X $(21)$	B/3 1/2	B/2 1/2	W22 1/2	W\$3 11/2	8/2 1/2	1/2	20
7 CHAOS $(3)$		W2-1/2	B/6 2/2	1 1	W1 3/2	31/2	5
8 CONCHESS $(13)$	BIT		WIO 1		W 11/2	1/2	19
9 CRAY BLITZ (2)	N3 /	B/C 2			B5 4/2	4/2	1
10 FIDELITY $x (7)$			18 2		2/5	2//2	10
11 MEPHISTO X (8)			With 2		WUS 3	. 3	9
12 MERI.IN (16)	WIT	820	B/8 1/2	17/2	Blancin	2/2	12
13 NOVAG X (10)	NO 2		W2 1/2	11/1/	63	21/2	//
14 NUCHESS (4)	1			W 37)	2/4 3/2	31/2	4
15 OSTRICH $(9)$	B2 0		6/2	Wan	BH 2 2	2	14
16 PATSOC 2.0 (//)	822 1/2	س والكوار بالمراجعة	1/2	1 1/2	WITT	1/2	17
17 PHILIDOR (15)			NIS O		8 8 18	11/2	18
18 PHOENTY (/2)	W50	<del></del>	W/2-1/2		With 2/2	21/2	/3
19 PION (18)	177				W/6/ 2	2	15
20 SCHACH 2.7 (14)	10		84 1/2		WIE 3	3	7
21 SFINKS $x$ $(7)$					10	0	22
22 SHY (2.2)	MB 1/2	87 TZ	86 1/2	172	1/1/2	11/2	21



# PARTICIPANTS IN THE FOURTH WORLD COMPUTER CHESS CHAMPIONSHIP

√ ADVANCE 3.0	Mike Johnson, David Wilson; c/o MJ, 1 Alexandra Court, Alexandra Park Road, London N22 4BQ, England
√ AWIT	Tony Marsland, Computing Science Department, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alberta, Canada T6G 2H1
√ BCP	Don Beal, Department of Computer Science, Queen Mary College, Mile End Road, London El 4NS, England
√ <sub>ВЕВЕ</sub>	Tony Scherzer, SYS-10 Inc., 2117 Stonington, Hoffman Estates, Illinois 60195, USA
V BELLE	Ken Thompson, Joe Condon; c/o KT, Bell Telephone Labs., Room 2C519, Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974, USA
✓ ВОВВЧ	Hans-Joachim Krass, Günther Schrüfer; c/o H-JK, Holzwiesenweg 9, D-3320 Satzgitter 1, West Germany
√ CHAOS	Mike Alexander, Fred Swartz, Jack O'Keefe; c/o FS, Computing Center, University of Michigan, 1075 Beal Avenue, Ann Arbor, Michigan 48109, USA
CONCHESS X	Ulf Rathsman, Erik Tegels vag 18a, S-163 57 Spanga, Sweden
CRAY BLITZ	Robert Hyatt, Albert Gower, Harry Nelson; c/o RH, Box 5106 Southern Station, Hattiesburg, Mississippe 39401, USA
√ FIDELITY X	Dan Spracklen, Kathe Spracklen; Boris Baczynskyj, c/o KS, Fidelity Electronics, Ltd., Software Development Group, 4540 Kearny Villa Road, Suite 104, San Diego, California 92117, USA
V MEPHISTO X	Elmar Henne, Thomas Nitsche, c/o TN, Hegener & Glazer GMBH, Arnulfstr. 2, D-8000 Munchen 2, West Germany
MERLIN	Hermann Keindl, Marcus Wagner, Helmut Horacek; c/o HK, Marxergasse 18/2/1, A-1030 Wien, Austria
NOVAG X	David Kittinger; Scott McDonald (chess adviser), c/o DK, IHP, 7417 Van Nuys Blvd., Suite B, Van Nuys, California 91405, USA
NUCHESS	David Slate, William Blanchard, c/o DS, Vogelback Computing Center, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois 60201, USA
OSTRICH	Monroe Newborn, School of Computer Science, McGill University, 805 Sherbrooke Street West, Montreal, Quebec H3A 2K6, Canada
V PATSOC 2.0	Hans Berliner, Department of Computer Science, Carnegie-Mellon University, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania 15213, USA.

David Broughton, David Levy, Kevin O'Connell, Mark Taylor; c/o DL, 104 Hamilton Terrace, London NW8 9UP, England Jonathan Schaeffer, Ralph Ris, Tony Scian; c/o JS, Dept. of Computer Science, University of Waterloo, Waterloo, Ont. N2L 3G1, Canada V PION Jan Derksen, Gerlack van Beinum, Sito Dekker, Jaap van den Herik, Roger Hunen, Harry Nefkens; c/o JvdJ, Delft University of Technology, Room 2.226 Julianalaan 132, Z628 BL Delft, Netherlands SCHACH 2.7 Matthias Engelbach, Max-Eyth-Str. 4, 7475 Meßstetten, West Germany William A. Fink, Suite 24-B, 1105 North Main Street, Gainesville, Florida 32601, USA J.J. Kasanen, M. Korhonen, T. Saari; c/o TS, Computing Center, University of Helsinki, Tukholmank 2, 00250 Helsinki 25, Finland STAND-BYS (in alphabetical order) CHESS D Ira Baxter, 2111 West Crescent, Suite G, Anaheim, California 92801, USA

G. Vriend, Dept. Mol. Fys., Agricultural University, De Dreyen 11, 6703 BC Wageningen, Netherlands

PK83 Ard van Bergen, Fysisch Laboratorium, P O Box 80000, 3508 TA Utrecht, Netherlands

**GVNAF** 

RAPIER David Trissel, Route 1, Box 1354, Del Valle, Texas 78617, USA

# PROGRAM INFORMATION

rogram	Authors	Computing System (Location)	Language	Program Size (Program, Data)	Book Size	Nodes/Sec.	,
DVANCE 3.0	Johnson Wilson	6502-based self-designed 2.5 mips, M 64K RAM/EPRON, 4814 Microcode (at site)	Microcode e)	64K, 24K	5000 pos.	1.5K	<
WIT	Marsland	Amdahl 5860/2, 20mb, 32 bits, (University of Alberta, Edmonton)	Algol W	unkown	10000 pos.	200 branches/ sec.	les/
CP	Beal	Custom-built computer (at site)	C/Assembler/ microcode	64K, 128K	1000 lines	20K	<
EBE	Scherzer	CHESS ENGINE, 7 mips, 32K, 16 bits (at site)	Assembler	12K, 16K	2000 moves	20K	<
ELLE	Thompson Condon	PDP 11/23 with special purpose hardware (Bell Labs., Murray Hill)	·	48KW, 14KW	375000 pos.	110K	
ОВВҮ	<b>Krass</b> Schrufer	IBM 4341-2, 12 megb. 32 bits (Univ. of Braunschweis, West Germany)	Pascal	400Kb, 2Mb	None	.15K	<
HAOS	Alexander Swartz O'Keefe	Amdahl 5860 10 mips. 16 mb, 32 bits, (Amdahl Corp., Sunnyvale, Calif.)	FORTRAN	700Kb, 3 megb.	10000 pos.	.095K	` <
ONCHESS	Rathsman	1:6502, .6 mips/2:6502, 1.2 mips, 8 bits (at site)	Assembler	21Kb, 21Kb	2500 moves	1K	<
RAY BLITZ	Hyatt Gower Nelson	CRAY-I XMP, 210 mips, 16 mb, 64 bits, (Cray Research, Mendota Heights, MN)	FORTRAN IV	20KW, 3MW	30000 pos.	25K-75K	
TDELITY XPERIMENTAL	Spracklen Spracklen Baczynskyj	6502-based system (at site) 8 bits, 34K, 1.6 mips.	Assembly	20K, 12K	16000 pos.	1K	
ERL IN	Kaindl Wagner Koracek	Siemans 7.890 F (Munich, West Germany)	PASCAL III	44K	6000 pos.	.04K	
MEPHISTO EXPERIMENTAL	Henne Nitsche	Motorola 68000, 16 bit. 16K bytes (at site) 1 mip.	Macro Language	32K, 8K	3000 pos.	.01K 1	

7.								_
)VAG KPERIMENTAL	Kittinger	6502-based hardware (at site), 600K, 2 mips.	6502 Assembly	23К,	2K ram	7000 moves	.6K	<
UCHESS	Slate Blanchard	CRAY-1, 80 mips, 4 mb, 64 bits (Los Alamos, New Mexico)	FORTRAN	250K,	4 meg.	6000 pos.	2.8K	<b>~</b> .
STRICH	Newborn	8-Computer Multiprocessing System: 1 S/120 Eclipse, 6 Nova 4's, 1 Nova 3 16 bits, (McGill University, Montreal)	Assembly	10K,	12K/machine	1200 pos.	. 6K	<
ASTOC 2.0	Berliner	DEC KL-10, 1.2 mips, 1 meg., 36 bits. (Carnegie-Mellon, Pittsburgh)	BLISS 36	170K,		300 lines	.165K	
HOENIX	Schaeffer Ris Scian	Honeywell DPS 8170, (Honeywell Offices, Toronto)	С	130Kb, 13 for stacks	130Kb.	2000 pos.	N/A	×.
HILIDOR	Broughton Levy O'Connell Taylor	IBM PC, 1 mips, 64Kb, 16 bits (at site)	Assembler	13КЪ,	4Kb	24000 moves	. 120K	<u> </u>
ION	Derksen van Beinum Dekker Van de Herik Munen Nefkens	VAX 11/75000 or VAX 11/780 (undecided - location in USA)	С	340K		4000 pos.	1K	
снасн 2.7	Engelbach	Burroughs B7800, 8 mips, 6Mb, 48bits. (Burroughs Corp., Paoli, Pennsylvania)	Algol	50Kb,	2 mb.	8000 pos.	.7-1.3K	
FINKS XPERIMENTAL	Fink	TRS-80 (at site)	Assembly 8088	48K		4000 pos.	1K	
ХН	Kasanen Korohonen Saari	Burroughts B7800/B7900 (Burroughs Corp., Paoli, Pennsylvania)	Algo1	30Kb,	60Kb,	3000 pos.	.35K	

### World Championships

Year	City	Winner	Runner-up
1974	Stockholm	KAISSA; Donskoy, Arlazarov, ICL 4170	CHESS 4.0, Slate, Atkin, CDC 6600
1977	Toronto	CHESS 4.6; Slate, Atkin, CDC CYBER 176	DUCHESS, Truscott, Wright, Jensen, IBM 370/165
1980	Linz	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP11/23 with special purpose hardware	NUCHESS; Slate, Blanchard, CDC CYBER 176
		ACM's North American Championship	<u>s</u>
1970	New York	CHESS 3.0; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	The Daly Chess Program; Daly, King
1971	Chicago	CHESS 3.5; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	TECH; Gillogly, PDP 10
1972	Boston	CHESS 3.6; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	OSTRICH; Arnold, Newborn, D.G. Supernova
1973	Atlanta	CHESS 4.0; Slate, Atkin, Gorlen, CDC 6400	TECH II; Baisley, PDP 10
1974	San Diego	RIBBIT; Hansen, Crook Parry, Honeywell 6050	CHESS 4.0; Slate, Atkin, CDC 6400
1975	Minneapolis	CHESS 4.4; Slate, Atkin, CDC CYBER 175	TREEFROG; Hansen, Calnek, Crook, Honeywell 6080
1976	Houston	CHESS 4.5; Slate, Atkin, CDC CYBER 176	CHAOS; Swartz, Ruben Winograd, Berman, Toikka, Alexander, Amdahl 470
1977	Seattle	CHESS 4.6; Slate, Atkin, CDC CYBER 176	DUCHESS; Truscott, Wright, Jensen, IBM 370/168
1978	Washington	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/70 with special purpose hardware	CHESS 4.7; Slate, Atkin, CDC CYBER 176
1979	Detroit	CHESS 4.9; Slate, Atkin, Cahlander CDC CYBER 176	BELLE; Thompson, Condon PDP 11/70 with special purpose hardware
1980	Nashville	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/70 with special purpose hardware	CHAOS; Alexander, O'Keefe, Swartz, Berman Amdahl 470
1981	Los Angeles	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/23 with special purpose hardware	NUCHESS; Blanchard, Slate, CDC CYBER 176
1982	Dallas	BELLE; Thompson, Condon, PDP 11/23 with special purpose hardware	CRAY BLITZ; Hyatt, Gower, Nelson, CRAY 1
		European Championships	
1976	Amsterdam	MASTER; Kent, Birmingham, 370/168	ORWELL; Nitsche, UNIVAC 1106/2
1978	London	MASTER; Kent, Birmingham, IBM 2033	DARK HORSE; Rathsman UNIVAC 1110/83
1981	Munich	N/A	N/A

## 3rd World Computer Chess Championship

Linz, Austria, September 25-29, 1980

D. Levy, London, England

B. Mittman, Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois, USA

M. Newborn, McGill University, Montreal, Quebec, Canada

## BELLE is the New World Champion

A new world champion was crowned in Linz, Austria, on September 29, 1980, at the 3rd World Computer Chess Championship. BELLE, written (and built) by Kenneth Thompson and Joseph Condon of Bell Telephone Labs in Murray Hill, New Jersey, won the tournament in an exciting playoff game against CHAOS on the fifth day of the tournament. BELLE was run on a newly constructed chess machine tied to a DEC LSI-11 at Bell Labs. CHAOS of the University of Michigan, written by Fred Swartz, Mike Alexander, Jack O'Keefe, and Victor Berman, was run on an Amdahl 470 in Sunnyvale, California. Third place went to DUCHESS of Duke University, written by Tom Truscott, Bruce Wright, and Eric Jensen. They also competed on an Amdahl located at the Triangle Universities Computing Center in North Carolina. A list of participants and their computers appears in Table 1 and the complete results of the tournament are in Table 2 on the following pages.

As can be seen from the results and from the game descriptions which follow, there were some surprises, and also a good deal of excellent chess and excitement. The two former world champions, CHESS 4.9 of Northwestern University in Evanston, Illinois (Toronto, 1977) and KAISSA of the Institute for System Science in Moscow (Stockholm, 1974), won only two and one-half and two points, respectively. Other features of the tournament were the fine play shown by several microcomputers and the introduction of special purpose chess hardware.

Support for the tournament was provided by the City of Linz after it became clear that insufficient funds would be made available to hold the tournament as originally planned in Melbourne, Australia, as part of IFIP 80, the World Computer Congress of the International Federation for Information Processing. The Championship was held instead as part of Linz's annual Bruckner Festival. It was presented as one of the special events in the Ars Electronica activities which included seminars on electronics and the arts, computer music, and a microcomputer chess exhibition. In keeping with the Ars



Kenneth Thompson, right, receives the first place award from Ben Mittman.

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Electronica theme, the Linz organizers had a unique first prize designed and built by their college for artistic and industrial design. We quote from the presentation document:

The prize consists of an aluminum cube, its top surface made up of a three-dimensional chess board of 64 movable aluminum blocks, forming a unique relief-like arrangement.

The interior of the cube houses an electronic control system causing the individual blocks to move up and down. This computer chess prize is intended to symbolize the tremendous possibilities of the game as well as those of the computer. It is programmed so as not to repeat any single pattern during the coming 1.169 trillion years, provided the apparatus doesn't stop working before reaching that age.

The tournament organizers were David Levy, Benjamin Mittman, and Monroe Newborn. Commentary was done in German and English by German Grandmaster Dr. Helmut Pfleger. Local arranagements were organized by Dr. Ernst Kubin of the Linz Office of Special Events (LIVA).

Linz was also the site of the first triennial meeting of the International Computer Chess Association. On Sunday, September 28, the ICCA approved its Constitution and Bylaws and elected its initial slate of officers who will serve for three years until the next world championship: Benjamin Mittman, President; Monroe Newborn, Vice-President; and

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Table 1. Participants

Program Name	Author(s)	Affiliation	Computer (Location)
ADVANCE 1.0	Mike Johnson Dave Wilson	Private Entry London, England	6502 plus chess hardware (at tournament site)
AWIT	T. A. Marsland	University of Alberta Edmonton, Canada	Amdahl 470 V/7 (Edmonton, Canada)
ВСР	Don Beal	Queen Mary College London, England	PDP 11/70 (London, England)
BEBE	Tony Scherzer	SYS-10, Inc. Hoffman Estates, Ill., USA	BEBE Chess Machine (at tournament site)
BELLE	Ken Thompson Joe Condon	Bell Telephone Labs Murray Hill, N.J., USA	DEC LSI-11 with chess hardware (Murray Hill, N.J USA)
CHAOS	Fred Swartz, Mike Alexander Jack O'Keefe, Victor Berman	University of Michigan Ann Arbor, Mich. USA	Amdahl 470 (Sunnyvale, Calif., USA)
CHESS 4.9	Lawrence Atkin David Cahlander	Northwestern University Evanston, Ill., USA and Control Data Corp. Minneapolis, Minn. USA	CDC Cyber 176 (Arden Hills, Minn., USA)
CSC	Dan and Kathe Spracklen, Ron Nelson, Frank Duason, Ed English	Fidelity Electronics Miami, Fla., USA	Champion Sensory Challenger (at tournament site)
DARK HORSE	Ulf Rathsman	Private Entry Stockholm, Sweden	Univac 1100/81 (Stockholm, Sweden)
DUCHESS	Tom Truscott, Bruce Wright, Eric Jensen	Duke University Durham, N.C., USA	Amdahl V/8 (Research Triangle, N.C., USA)
L'EXCENTRIQUE	Claude Jarry	McGill University Montreal, Canada	Amdahl V/7 (Montreal, Canada)
KAISSA	V. L. Arlazaroff M.V. Donskoy	Institute for Systems Studies Moscow, USSR	IBM 370/168 (Pisa, Italy)
MASTER	Peter Kent John Birmingham	Atomic Energy Research Establishment Harwell, England	IBM 3033 (Harwell, England)
MYCHESS	David Kittinger	Private Entry Anchorage, Alaska, USA	Cromenco (at tournament site)
NUCHESS	David Slate William Blanchard	Northwestern University Evanston, Ill., USA	CDC Cyber 176 (Sunnyvale, Calif., USA)
OSTRICH	Monroe Newborn	McGill University Montreal, Canada	Data General Nova 4 (at tournament site)
PARWELL	Thomas Nitsche, Elmar Henne, Wolfram Wolff	PI-Gesellschaft für Informatik MBH Munich, Gefmany	Siemens SMS 2 (Munich, Germany)
SCHACH 2.3	Matthias Engelbach	Bundeswehrhochschule Neubiberg bei München Germany	Burroughs 7800 (Neubiberg/Munich, Germany)

Kenneth Thompson, Secretary/ Treasurer.

Sunny afternoons found the programmers sipping Austrian white wine and analyzing and reanalyzing their games on the Tourotel terrace next to the Brucknerhaus overlooking the Danube. Two special guests had been invited to the tournament-Dr. Claude Shannon, the developer of information theory, and Fridrik Olafsson, President of the International Chess Federation, FIDE. Chess journalists and radio and television reporters interviewed participants, organizers, and guests. Dr. Shannon, who published a landmark

article entitled "Programming a Computer to Play Chess" 30 years ago, stated in an interview that although tremendous progress has been made in those 30 years, the world chess champion has nothing to fear from computers for many more years to come. Olafsson, a grandmaster, had no problem in defeating CHESS 4.9 in two blitz games. Nevertheless, he felt that computer chess had a great deal to offer in attracting world attention to the game and encouraged the officers of ICCA to pursue some level of affiliation with FIDE. A number of ICCA members have suggested the possibility of en-

tering an international team of chess programs in the Chess Olympiad in 1982 in Lucerne. Negotiations along these and other lines will begin soon, as ICCA continues to promote and encourage computer chess worldwide.

#### The Play

Surprises began immediately in the first round on Thursday morning, September 25. The reigning world champion, CHESS 4.9, was defeated by L'EXCENTRIQUE, written by Claude Jarry, running on an Amdahl V/7 at McGill University. Jarry, a former student of Mon-

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Table 2. Results

Program Name	Round Date	l Sept. :	25	2 Sept. 2	26	3 Sept.	27	4 Sept. :	28	Play Sept.		Final Results
		Color Opponent	Cum. Score	Color Opponent	Cum. Score	Color Opponent	Cum. Score	Color Opponent	Cum. Score	Fin Sco		Place
1. BELLE		B/10	1	W/6	1½	B/11	21/2	W/3	31/2	<b>W</b> /5	41/2	1
2. CHESS 4.9		<b>W</b> /11	0	B/8	1/2	B/18	11/2	B/17	2⅓	l	21/2	=4
3. DUCHESS	i	B/12	ı	B/7	2	W/4	3	B/1	3	1	3	3
4. KAISSA	}	<b>W</b> /13	1	B/9	2	B/3	2	W/5	2	ł	2	=6
5. CHAOS		B/14	l	W/11	11/2	B/6	2⅓	B/4	3⅓	B/1	3⅓	2
6. NUCHESS		<b>W</b> /15	l	B/1	11/2	W/5	1 1/2	B/8	2	ł	2	=6
7. MASTER		B/16	1	W/3	1	W/8	11/2	B/11	11/2	İ	11/2	=12
8. BEBE		W/17	⅓2	W/2	l	B/7	11/2	W/6	2		2	=6
9. OSTRICH		<b>B</b> /18	1	W/4	l	W/17	1	B/13	11/2		11/2	=12
10. BCP		W/I	0	B/17	⅓2	B/13	1	B/16	2		2	<b>=</b> 6
11. L'EXCENTRI	QUE	B/2	1	B/5	11/2	W/1	11/2	W/7	21/2		21/2	=4
12. CSC		<b>W</b> /3	0	<b>B</b> /15	1/2	W/14	$\frac{1}{2}$	B/18	1/2		1/2	18
13. MYCHESS		B/4	0	W/16	1/2	<b>W</b> /10	1	<b>W</b> /9	l ½		11/2	=12
14. DARK HORS	E	<b>W</b> /5	0	B/18	0	B/12	1	<b>W</b> /15	1		1	17
15. ADVANCE 1.	0	<b>B</b> /6	0	W/12	$\frac{1}{2}$	B/16	<b>½</b>	B/14	11/2		11/2	<b>=12</b>
16. PARWELL	ļ	<b>W</b> /7	0	B/13	1/2	W/15	11/2	W/10	11/2		1 1/2	=12
17. SCHACH 2.3		<b>B</b> /8	<b>½</b> 2	W/10	1	B/9	2	W/2	2		2	=6
18. AWIT	1	<b>W</b> /9	0	W/14	1	W/2	1	W/12	2		2	=6

roe Newborn at McGill, saw his program generate considerable pressure by creating an early passed pawn. After this initial advantage, L'EXCENTRIQUE began to play passively, allowing CHESS 4.9 to recover and even pull ahead (at one point CHESS 4.9 calculated an evaluation of plus two pawns for its side). However, L'EXCENTRIQUE fought back after CHESS 4.9 itself began to play passively, allowing a key bishop, which was protecting a queening square on the main diagonal, to be blocked. L'EXCEN-TRIQUE queened, and Larry Atkin and David Cahlander resigned for the program. (Programs still do not resign themselves.) The tournament ended with both programs earning 2 1/2 points to tie for fourth place; so in retrospect, L'EXCENTRIQUE was stronger than most people had given it credit, and CHESS 4.9 was weaker than had been expected.

The second round saw BELLE draw against NUCHESS, a new entry by David Slate, one of the original authors of CHESS 4.9, and William Blanchard of Northwestern University. This hard fought game provided winning chances for both sides, but ended in draw by repetition in a very even position.

DUCHESS and KAISSA entered the third round with two points each. KAISSA played the white side of a Ruy Lopez opening and made a strategic error which allowed DUCHESS to infiltrate with a rook on the D-file. KAISSA's position became more and more passive, and quickly collapsed. In the NU-CHESS-CHAOS game in the third round, history repeated itself. Unexpectedly, David Slate had not modified the openings library which he inherited from CHESS 4.9, and found himself in essentially the same Queen's Gambit Accepted opening which was played against CHAOS by CHESS 4.0 in Stockholm in 1974. That game saw CHAOS sacrifice a knight in what David Levy later described as the first computer chess game in which a program sacrificed material to gain a positional advantage.\* In Linz, the same sacrifice again led to an easy win for CHAOS.

The fourth and final round of the Swiss-style tournament found DUCHESS with three points, only needing a draw to guarantee a finish no lower than a tie for first place. DUCHESS met BELLE. DUCH-

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ESS played an opening variation in which White sacrifices a pawn in return for some pressure. By failing to play sufficiently actively, DUCH-ESS found "herself" a pawn down for nothing, and after BELLE picked up another pawn there was no hope for White, although the game dragged on for some time.

The championship was decided in the most exciting game of the tournament between BELLE and CHAOS on Monday. In an unusual variation of Alekhine's Defense, CHAOS twice failed to find the most active move. (David Levy's annotations, which were prepared as the game progressed, are found on page 664.) Instead of reaching a position in which it would have had good chances, it was soon a piece down without any real compensation. BELLE's king found itself stuck in the center and was subjected to a few harassing checks. But by careful parrying of Black's simple threats, BELLE insured that the result was never in doubt. It ended the game decisively with an announced mate at move 34.

Complete game scores for the tournament are being published by the International Computer Chess Association in its October Newslet-

November 1980 Volume 23 Number 11

<sup>\*</sup> See Communications of the ACM, October 1974,

ter. Membership information may be received by writing to Ken Thompson, Bell Telephone Labs, Room 2C423, Murray Hill, NJ 07974.

Special purpose chess hardware permitted BELLE to examine about 160,000 chess positions per second. This immense brute force search capability represents the best of today's level of play by a chess computer. Even so, most observers, including Ken Thompson, feel that brute force alone is insufficient to play at the grand master level, let alone to defeat the World Chess Champion. Nevertheless, by winning the tournament BELLE has earned the right to participate, with CHAOS, in the two 1981 incentive competitions for the Fredkin prize. The Fredkin Foundation of Massachusetts has established a prize of \$100,000 to the first program to defeat the World Chess Champion in an official contest. Before a serious threat by a computer can become feasible, Dr. Hans Berliner of Carnegie-Mellon University and a committee of trustees of the Fredkin prize will be organizing a series of incentive competitions matching the best programs in the world against human players of comparable chess ratings. The first such competition earlier this year saw CHESS 4.9 split two games with Paul Benjamin, a player with a low expert rating.

Other programs appeared with special chess hardware and microcomputers. BEBE and ADVANCE 1.0, as well as BELLE, use specialized circuitry for such functions as move generation, positional evaluation, or transpositions table management to speed up analysis. Among the microcomputer participants were MYCHESS and CSC. Even the last place finisher played at a level which would have been respectable three years earlier in Toronto. The microcomputers at the tournament site participated in a speed-chess competition on Sunday against six Austrian chess players. MYCHESS was impressive in winning five of its six

The next major computer events which will bring these computer pro-

grams together will be the ACM North American Championship in Nashville, Tennessee on October 26-28, 1980, and a world micro chess tournament in Stockholm, December 16-18, 1980.

The following are notes written by David Levy while the game was in progress.

PLAYOFF GAME September 29, 1980 White: BELLE (U.S) Black: CHAOS (U.S.)

ı	e2-e4	Ng8-f6	
2	e4-e5	Nf6-d5	
3	d2-d4	d7-d6	
4	Ng1-f3	d6xe5	
5	Nf3xe5	g7-g6	
6	g2-g3	<del>-</del> -	

More usual is 6 Bf1-c4. The text move is rarely played and now CHAOS was out of its openings book.

```
6 .... Bc8-f5 7 c2-c4
```

Black must be careful. If 7 ..... Bf5-e4?, White wins a piece with 8 f2-f3, while if 7 ..... Nd5-b4? 8 Qd1-a4+ Nb8-c6 9 Ne5xc6 Nb4xc6 10 d4-d5, again winning a piece.

```
7 ..... Nd5-b4?
```

Having written the above note I was naturally taken aback when CHAOS played this move. What had I overlooked?

```
8 Qd1-a4+ Nb4-c6
```

CHAOS had probably been under the same illusion as I, but in fact it could have played 8 ..... Nb8-c6 quite safely, as 9 Ne5xc6 Nb4xc6 10 d4-d5 can be met by 10 ..... Bf5-d7 11 d5xc6 Bd7xc6, forking White's queen and rook.

Another possibility after 8 ..... Nb8-c6 is 9 d4-d5 Bf5-c2!, when 10 b2-b3 Bf8-g7 11 Bc1-b2 can be met by 11 ..... 0-0, and if 12 d5xc6?? Qd8-d1 is mate! White may also try 10 Qa4-b5, but then 10 ..... a7-a6 11 Qb5xb7 Nc6xe5 12 Qb7xb4 Ne5-f3+ 13 Ke1-e2 Nf3-d4+ gives Black good play for the pawn.

The conclusion is that Black's 7th move is probably playable.

```
9 d4-d5 Bf5-c2 10 Qa4-b5 Qd8-d6?
```

In view of Black's difficulties it would have been better to try 10.....a7-a6 11 Qb5xb7 Nc6xe5 12

Qb7xa8 Ne5-f3+ 13 Ke1-e2 Nf3-d4+, when it is not clear who stands better.

11 Ne5xc6 Nb8xc6

And here Black could try 11 ..... b7xc6 12 Qb5-b7 Qd6-e5+ 13 Ke1-d2 Bc2-f5.\*

12 Nb1-c3

White cannot yet capture on c6 because of mate on d1.

12	Bf8-g7
13 Ob5xb7	0-0
14 Qb7xc6	Qd6-b4
15 Ke1-d2	Bc2-e4
16 Rhl-gl	Rf8-b8
17 Bf1-h3	Bg7-h6+
18 f2-f4	-

Black's counter threats have now been repulsed and White can play to consolidate its material advantage.

18	Qb4-a5
19 Rgl-el	f7-f5
20 Qc6-e6+	Kg8-f8
21 b2-b3	Bh6-g7
22 Bc1-b2	Bg7-d4
23 g3-g4	Rb8-b6
24 Qe6-d7	Rb6-d6
25 Qd7-a4	Qa5-b6

Black's only hope is to keep the queens on and play for an attack against the white king.

26	Bb2-a3	Bd4xc3+
27	Kd2xc3	Rd6-d8
28	Ral-dl	Qb6-f2

Although White is a piece ahead his task is not easy. The exposed king gives rise to all sorts of tactical possibilities.

29	g4xf5	Qf2-c2+
30	Kc3-d4	g6xf5
31	Qa4-c6	Qc2-f2+
32	Kd4-e5	Kf8-g8
22	Datata	•

33 Rel-gl+

Black's King now comes under attack.

```
33 .... Kg8-h8
```

34 Ba3xe7

With this move BELLE announced that it had found a forced mate. The threat is 35 Be7-f6 or 35 Qc6-f6.

```
34 ..... Qf2-g2
35 Qc6-f6+ Kh8-g8
36 Bh3xg2 Rd8xd5+
37 Ke5-e6 h7-h6
38 Qf6xh6 Rd5-e5+
39 f4xe5 Ra8-f8
40 Bg2-f3 mate
```

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are extremely unclear.

<sup>1:0
\*</sup> The complications following 14 Qb7xa8 Bf8-h6+

#### ACM's Thirteenth North American Computer Chess Championship

Dallas, Texas October 24—26, 1982

		rate	perf	1	2	3	4	total
1	Belle	2150	2120	9=0	4+■	3+□	2==	3
2	Cray Blitz	0	2053	8+≡	5=□	7+≡	1=0	3
3	Nuchess	0	2040	10+■	7+0	1-=	5+□	3
4	Chaos	1800	1888	14+=	1-0	8+ <b>m</b>	9+□	3
5	Bebe	1850	1907	11+0	2=■	6+0	3-■	21/2
6	Advance 2.4	0	1649	12=0	9+■	5-■	10+□	21/2
7	Fidelity X	0	1636	13+0	3-≡	2-0	11+=	2
8	Savant X	0	1579	2-0	12+≡	4-0	13+■	2
9	Ostrich	0	<b>159</b> 5	1==	6-□	12+0	4-=	1½
10	Schach 2.6	0	1356	3-0	13+=	11=0	6-■	1%
11	Philidor	0	1322	5-■	14+0	10=■	7-0	1%
12	Sfinks X	0	1364	6=■	8-0	9-■	14+0	1%
13	Pion	0	1126	7-≡	10-0	14+≡	8-0	1
14	Chaturanga 2.0	1000	814	4-0	11-=	13-0	12-≡	0

#### Round 1

Belle — Ostrich 1 e4 d5 2 exd5 \( \) \( \) f6 3 d4 \( \) \(

Schach 2.6 — Nuchess 1 e4 g6 2 d4 Qg7 3 c4 d6 4 ᡚc3 ᡚf6 5 <u>d</u>e2 O-O 6 ᡚf3 ᡚc6 7 O-O 요g4 8 요e3 쓸d7 9 쌀b3 b6 10 h3 요xf3 11 点×f3 e5 12 白e2 e×d4 13 点×d4 且ae8 14 ሷ×f6 ሷ×f6 15 🗳b5 a6 16 🗳a4 ሷ×b2 17 国ab1 **Qg7** 18 **Qg4** f5 19 e×f5 g×f5 20 **Q**h5 且d8 21 誉×a6 且a8 22 皆b5 且×a2 23 c5 且a5 24 🗳b3t \$h8 25 c×b6 且b8 26 b7 幻d8 27 点f3 c6 28 當b6 囯c5 29 囯fd1 耳xb7 30 當a6 且xb1 31 且xb1 d5 32 且b8 且c2 33 營a8 요f6 34 쌀a4 且d2 35 신f4 쌓d6 36 쌓b4 쌓xb4 37 且xb4 Qe5 38 且a4 Qf7 39 Qe6 且b2 40 且a8t ሷb8 41 g3 ፭b4 42 ውg2 h6 43 ሷe2 ᡚe5 44 f4 白d7 45 白d3 且b2+ 46 含h1 白f6 47 白d4 ය 48 වුර c4 49 ሷ×f5 වුh5 50 එg1 වු×g3 51 ሷg4 h5 52 ሷf3 c3 53 ሷxb8 c2 54 ᡚa6t фh7 55 日a7t \$g6 56 日c7 다e4 57 다b4 目b1t 58 \$g2 c1\* 59 日xc1 日xc1 60 다xd5 日c2t 61 \$\text{c1}\$ \text{ } \text

Bebe — Philidor 1 e4 c5 2 口信 口c6 3 d4 c×d4 4 口×d4 g6 5 口×c6 d×c6 6 營×d8t 空×d8 7 口c3 豆g7 8 豆d2 b5 9 O-O-O 空c7 10 豆e2 b4 11 口a4 豆b8 12 豆c4 口h6 13 h3 豆d7 14 g4 豆hf8 15 口c5 豆c8 16 口d3 豆d8 17 豆f4t e5 18 口×e5 豆×d1t 19 豆×d1 g5 20 豆g3 f5 21 g×f5 豆a8 22 口×c6t 空b6 23 口b8 a5 24 豆d5 豆×b8 g4 26 f6 豆×f6 27 豆d6t 空c5 28 豆×f6 空×c4 29 豆×h6 空d4 30 e5 g×h3 31 e6 空c4 32 e7 豆d7 33 豆×h7 空b5 34 豆×h3 豆c6 35 豆h5t 空c4 36 豆a7 b3 37 a×b3t 空b4 38 豆e3 豆d5 39 e8營 豆×b3 40 營b5# 1-0

Savant X — Cray Blitz 1 e4 e5 2 이 6 3 이 6 3 이 xe5 d6 4 이 63 이 xe4 5 d4 d5 6 오d3 오e7 7 O-O 이 6 8 c4 이 6 9 이 c3 dxc4 10 오xc4 O-O 11 오5 오g4 12 오e3 트b8 13 d5 오x63 14 쌍xf3 이 e5 15 쌍e2 이 xc4 16 쌍xc4 a6 17 a4 이 e8 18 트fe1 이 d6 19 쌍f4 트e8 20 트ac1 b5 21 트e2 f5 22 오c5 b4 23 오xb4 오g5 24 오xd6 오xf4 25 트xe8t 쌍xe8 26 오xf4 트xb2 27 오xc7 트c2 28 트a1 트xc3 29 d6 쌍xa4 30 트b1 트d3 31 트b8t 항f7 32 g3 트d1t 33 항g2 쌍c4 34 d7 쌍f1t 35 항f3 쌍h1t 36 항f4 쌍e4t 37 항g5 쌍g4# 0-1

Fidelity X — Pion 1 e4 d6 2 d4 436 3 43c3 g6 4 Df3 Qg7 5 Qe2 O-O 6 O-O c6 7 a4 쌍d2 Ah5 12 目fd1 Af4 13 Af1 目e8 14 a5 ሷf8 15 ሷc4 ᡚe6 16 ᡚh2 ᡚf6 17 a6 b5 18 od3 od7 19 oh6 b4 20 De2 oe7 21 oc4 且ad8 22 皆e3 むc5 23 むg3 &c8 24 且xd8 耳xd8 25 皆e2 皆d6 26 c3 bxc3 27 bxc3 引e8 28 발f3 요e6 29 요e2 발c7 30 신g4 요xg4 31 hxg4 公d6 32 且a2 皆b6 33 且a1 皆c7 34 点f1 ᡚb5 35 ሷc4 ᡚd6 36 ሷe2 ᡚe8 37 ቧf1 ቧf6 38 公d2 且d7 39 点c4 且d8 40 g5 点f8 41 点×f8 ☆xf8 42 ☆xf6 且xd2 43 且b1 且d8 44 ⇔h8t **Φe7 45 皆g7 且f8 46 f3 Φe8 47 皆×h7 皆a**5 48 且b8t 如e7 49 且xf8 當a1t 50 如h2 如d6 51 且xf7 白xa6 52 且xa7 中c5 53 点xa6 骨xc3 54 쌓e7t �d4 55 且d7t �e3 56 且d3t 쌓xd3 57 **∆**×d3 1–0

Chaturanga 2.0 — Chaos 1 e4 c5 2 白음 신c6 3 신c3 e6 4 신g1 신f6 5 요b5 요e7 6 발음 신d4 7 발d3 a6 8 요a4 b5 9 요xb5 axb5 10 e5 신g4 11 h3 신xe5 12 발e4 d5 13 발xe5 요f6 14 발f4 신xc2+ 15 발d1 신xa1 16 d4 cxd4 17 신xb5 전xa2 18 신d6+ 발e7 19 신음 발xd6 20 발d2 신b3 21 발c2 발b8 22 발e1 전a1 23 발d1 발f4 24 신e5 전xc1+ 25 발xc1 발xc1+ 26 발e2 발c2+ 27 발f3 발e4+ 0-1

Advance 2.4 — Sfinks X 1 e4 c5 2 (2) f3 e6 3 d4 c×d4 4 වු×d4 වුf6 5 වුc3 වුc6 6 <u>Q</u>e2 <u>Q</u>e7 7 O-O d6 8 ᡚ×c6 b×c6 9 ሷe3 e5 10 쌓d3 O-O 11 h3 a5 12 且ad1 且b8 13 点c1 点e6 14 발g3 \$h8 15 \$e3 \$b6 16 \$xb6 巨xb6 17 点的 Qc4 18 目fe1 目b7 19 Qe2 Qe6 20 Qa6 国b6 21 点d3 国fb8 22 a3 国6b7 23 口a4 口d7 24 Qd2 且a8 25 Qc3 f6 26 且e3 d5 27 e×d5 c×d5 28 Eee1 Qb4 29 Qd2 Q×d2 30 E×d2 且ab8 31 c3 全g8 32 点c2 e4 33 c4 白e5 34 c×d5 点f5 35 点×e4 心c4 36 且de2 点×e4 37 国xe4 公xb2 38 公xb2 国xb2 39 d6 国d2 40 且e8t 且xe8 41 且xe8t 全f7 42 且e7t 全f8 43 且a7 且xd6 44 且xa5 且d1+ 45 \$h2 且d2 46 **堂g3** 旦d3† 47 **堂**f4 旦d7 48 旦a8† **愛**f7 49 a4 **එe6 50 a5 එd5 51 a6 එc5 52 එg4 එb6** 53 **堂h5** 且d2 54 且g8 g5 55 f3 且×g2 56 且f8 ②×a6 57 且×f6† ②b5 58 且f5† ②c4 59 且×g5~ 且£2 60 且f5 \$\dd 61 且f7 \$\dd e3 62 且xh7 且xf3

#### Round 2

Nuchess — Fidelity X 1 g3 e5 2 Qg2 d5 3 d4 exd4 4 쌀xd4 신f6 5 Qg5 Qe7 6 쌀a4t 신f6 7 신c3 h6 8 Qe3 Qb4 9 쌀b3 O-O 10 O-O-O Qxc3 11 쌀xc3 Qf5 12 쌀b3 신a5 13 쌀b4 b6 14 Qh3 c5 15 쌀h4 쌀d7 16 Qxf5

발 xf5 17 발 f4 발 e6 18 b3 d4 19 요d2 Qc6 20 항 b1 Qd5 21 발 f3 Qdb4 22 且c1 a5 23 a3 Qd5 24 a4 Qdb4 25 h4 Qe5 26 발 b7 且ab8 27 발 g2 d3 28 exd3 Qbxd3 29 且d1 Qb4 30 Qe2 且bd8 31 요xb4 axb4 32 Qf4 발 g4 33 Qd5 且fe8 34 f4 Qg6 35 발 f2 且d7 36 且d2 Qf8 37 Qxb6 且xd2 38 발 xd2 발 xg3 39 h5 Qe6 40 Qd5 且d8 41 f5 발 f3 42 Qe7† 합 f8 43 발 e1 발 xe7 44 fxe6 fxe6 45 且g1 발 f7 46 且g6 且d5 47 발 g3 史 f8 48 발 b8† 발 e8 49 발 f4† 且f5 50 발 e4 발 f7 51 且 xe6 且f1† 52 空 a2 발 d7 53 且e5 발 d6 54 且 e8† 史 f5 58 且e8† 1-0

Cray Blitz — Bebe 1 e4 c5 2 包括 d6 3 d4 c×d4 4 包×d4 包f6 5 f3 e5 6 息b5t 息d7 7 息×d7t 到b×d7 8 包f5 d5 9 e×d5 營a5t 10 包c3 包b6 11 包e3 包b×d5 12 包e×d5 O-O-O 13 營e2 互×d5 14 요d2 互d7 15 包e4 營a4 16 요c3 ①×e4 17 營×e4 營a6 18 f4 e×f4 19 營e8t 旦d8 20 營×f7 營b5 21 營e6t 登b8 22 營e5t 營×e5t 23 ②×e5t ②d6 24 ②×d6t 互×d6 25 O-O 巨f8 26 旦ae1 g5 27 旦e7 旦d2 28 旦位 是d1t 29 巨f1 旦d2 30 巨f2 旦d1t 31 巨f1 巨d2 %-%

Chaos — Belle 1 d4 d5 2 c4 e6 3 心3 c6 4 心 dxc4 5 a4 点b4 6 e3 b5 7 点d2 a5 8 axb5 点xc3 9 bxc3 cxb5 10 쌍b1 点a6 11 点e2 心c6 12 O-O a4 13 쌍e4 心ge7 14 心g5 h6 15 心结 O-O 16 目fb1 쌍d6 17 쌍g4 f5 18 쌍h5 e5 19 dxe5 心xe5 20 心d4 心5c6 21 点结 쌍d7 22 国a2 国ab8 23 国ab2 目f6 24 쌍h3 目c8 25 쌍h4 心xd4 26 exd4 目e6 27 h3 心d5 28 g4 目ce8 29 gxf5 目f6 30 点e4 心e7 31 쌍g4 心xf5 32 f3 目e7 33 쌍h1 쌍c8 34 h4 �h8 35 点f4 心xd4 36 쌍g3 心xf3 37 点xf3 쌍f5 38 点xh6 쌍xf3† 39 쌍xf3 目xf3 40 点g5 目ef7 41 目c1目h3† 42 쌍g2 目ff3 43 点d2 a3 44 目b4 a2 45 目a1 目fg3† 46 ঙf1 目h1† 47 ঙf2 目xa1 48 ঙxg3 目g1† 49 ঙf2 a1쌍 0-1

Ostrich — Advance 2.4 1 e4 c5 2 包括 d6 3 d4 cxd4 4 包xd4 包f6 5 包c3 a6 6 요g5 e6 7 요e2 요e7 8 요e3 包bd7 9 O-O 包c5 10 f3 當c7 11 a4 O-O 12 當e1 e5 13 包b3 包xb3 14 cxb3 요e6 15 b4 d5 16 exd5 包xd5 17 包xd5 요xd5 18 b5 요c5 19 요xc5 當xc5† 20 包h1 a5 21 當g3 當d4 22 国ad1 當xb2 23 當f2 国ad8 24 国d3 요b3 25 當g1 国xd3 26 요xd3 요xa4 27 當c5 国d8 28 요c4 當b4 29 營xb4 axb4 30 h3 요c2 31 g3 b3 32 含g2 国d4 33 国a1 包f8 34 国a8† ②e7 35 요xb3 요xb3 36 国h8 h6 37 国c8 国d2† 38 包f1 요d5 39 f4 国d3 40 fxe5 国xg3 41 h4 国g4 42 国g8 요c4† 43 ②e1 요xb5 44 国b8 요c6 45 国g8 0-1

Sfinks X - Savant X 1 d4 d5 2 c4 e5 3 c×d5 🗳×d5 4 e3 e×d4 5 🖒c3 🛕b4 6 🗳×d4 쌀xd4 7 exd4 白f6 8 일f4 白d5 9 일d2 일e6 10 13 公任 且d8 14 全c3 公c6 15 公×d5 且×d5 16 g3 日xd4 17 Qd3 日ad8 18 日ad1 日4d6 19 a3 a5 20 目he1 目h6 21 Qa6 目b8 22 Q×b7 中f8 23 Qa6 且xh2 24 且d2 h5 25 b3 g6 26 全c4 且d8 27 且de2 且d4t 28 全b5 且d6 29 且e8t ውg7 30 且f1 ብd4t 31 ው×a5 ብ×b3t 32 ውb4 公d2 33 目d1 目×f2 34 Qe2 口e4 35 目×e4 耳xe2 36 耳xe2 耳xd1 37 耳c2 耳d4t 38 含b5 耳d5+ 39 cbc6 且a5 40 且c3 且a7 41 cb5 f5 42 a4 全f8 43 a5 全f7 44 a6 全f6 45 旦c6t 全f7 46 එුc5 එg7 47 එd4 එh6 48 එe5 එg5 49 f4 53 cbc8 f3 54 互xc7t 互xc7t 55 cbxc7 f2 56 a7 f1삼 57 a8삼 상f4+ 58 상d7 상×h4 59 쌀a7 g5 60 쌀a1t \$2g6 61 \$2b1t \$2h5 62 **쌀h7t 호g4 63 쌓e4t 호g3 64 쌓e3t 호g2 6**5 쌀e2t �h3 66 쌀f3t 쌀g3 67 쌀e4 g4 68 **쌀h1+ 쌀h2 69 쌀f1+ 쌀g2 70 쌀c4 쌓d2+** 71 ුල් g3 72 \$b3 \$f4 73 \$d3 \$h6t 74 **含d5 含h2 75 学c2t g2 76 学f2 学h5t 77 全d4 全**h1 78 **省**f8 0−1

Pion — Schach 2.6 1 句 3 d5 2 g3 e6 3 负g2 c5 4 O-O 句 c6 5 d3 句 d6 6 e4 句 ge7 7 句 bd2 O-O 8 臣 l 營c7 9 c3 句 d7 10 營e2 f6 11 d4 c×d4 12 句 xd4 ① xd4 13 c×d4 營c2 14 e×d5 句 xd5 15 營h5 f5 16 營e2 臣 ac8 17 句 3 负 b4 18 營 xc2 臣 xc2 19 臣 d1 句 b5 20 句 l 臣 2 21 句 d3 ② xd3 22 ② xd5 ② c2 23 ② xe6 t 臣 xe6 24 ② d2 ② xd1 25 ② xb4 ② h5 26 d5 臣 a6 27 ② xf8 ⑤ xf8 28 b4 臣 d6 29 臣 c1 臣 xd5 30 臣 c8 t ⑤ f7 31 臣 c7 ⑤ f6 32 g4 ② xg4 33 a4 ② f3 34 臣 c1 臣 d4 35 b5 臣 xa4 36 h3 臣 a5 37 臣 b1 b6 38 ⑤ f1 ② e4 39 臣 b3 臣 xb5 40 臣 xb5 ② d3 t 41 ⑤ e1 ② xb5 42 f4 g5 43 fxg5 t ⑤ xg5 44 ⑤ f2 ⑥ f4 45 ⑤ e1 0-1

Philidor — Chaturanga 2.0 1 e4 e5 2 幻f3 ኒc6 3 ሷb5 a6 4 ሷxc6 dxc6 5 O-O 쌀xd2 6 쌀xd2 a5 7 ኒxe5 a4 8 ኒc3 b6 9 ኒxc6 ሷd7 10 ሤd5 ሷxc6 11 쌀xc6t ውe7 12 ኒd5t ኒd8 13 ሤxa8t ኒd7 14 ሤxf8 1-0

#### Round 3

Belle — Nuchess 1 e4 e5 2 c3 白f6 3 d4 白×e4 4 d×e5 丘c5 5 皆g4 白×f2 6 皆×g7 且f8 7 丘g5 皆×g5 8 皆×g5 白×h1 9 白f3 白c6 10 丘d3 h6 11 皆×h6 且g8 12 g3 白f2 13 皆h7 白×d3† 14 皆×d3 且h8 15 白bd2 且h5 16 O-O-O 白×e5 17 且e1 d6 1-0

Bebe — Advance 2.4 1 e4 c5 2 C) f3 d6 3 d4

c×d4 4 ᡚ×d4 ᡚf6 5 ᡚc3 a6 6 <u>Q</u>e2 e5 7 ᡚf3 Δe7 8 O-O O-O 9 Δg5 Δbd7 10 當c1 h6 11 요×f6 {D×f6 12 且d1 요d7 13 {Dd2 요c6 14 Qc4 Qxe4 15 Qxe4 Qxe4 16 Qxe5 \(\delta\)c7 17 公d3 且ae8 18 當d2 点g5 19 f4 當b6t 20 分f2 Qh4 21 g3 Qf6 22 c3 Qc6 23 且ac1 d5 24 ©h5 Be7 25 Bc2 Bfe8 26 Of3 d4 27 Oxc6 dxc3 28 bxc3 bxc6 29 c4 當c5 30 當g2 當f5 31 g4 當c8 32 當a5 當b7 33 當c5 且e2 34 且dd2 且e1 35 口d3 且1e4 36 皆f5 皆c8 37 世×c8 且×c8 38 中f3 且ce8 39 且e2 且×e2 40 且xe2 且xe2 41 \$\preceive{e}\$ a5 42 a4 \$\preceive{e}\$ 43 \$\preceive{e}\$ e3 ውe8 44 ᡚc5 ሷd8 45 ውf3 ሷe7 46 ብb3 ሷb4 47 h4 g6 48 фe4 фd7 49 c5 ⊈e1 50 h5 g×h5 51 g×h5 \( \text{\$\exititt{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\$}}\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\}\$} Δc1 Φe8 55 Δd3 Φf8 56 Δe5 Δ×e5 57 ф×e5 ውe7 58 ውf5 ውe8 59 ውf6 ውf8 60 f5 фe8 61 එg7 එe7 62 එ×h6 එf8 63 එh7 f6 64 \$\psiges 65 \$\psi \text{xf6} \$\psi h7 66 \$\psi e6 \$\psi h6 67 f6 \$\dots\h7 68 \$\dots\d7 \$\dots\g8 69 \$\dots\e7 \$\dots\h8 70 \h6 ውh7 71 f7 ው×h6 72 ውd8 ውg7 73 ውe8 ውf6 74 f8皆+ 1-0

Fidelity X — Cray Blitz 1 e4 e5 2 Ac3 Ac6 3 <u>ዕ</u>ር4 <u>ዕ</u>ር5 4 ᢡg4 g6 5 **ᢡ**f3 ᡚf6 6 ᡚge2 d6 7 d3 gg4 8 當g3 gxe2 9 与xe2 与a5 10 gb3 O-O 11 gh6 公xb3 12 axb3 且e8 13 O-O d5 14 當f3 目e6 15 公c3 c6 16 e×d5 公xd5 17 의 e4 요e7 18 c4 의b4 19 目fd1 f5 20 當h3 営d7 21 与c3 目d6 22 点e3 耳×d3 23 耳×d3 営×d3 24 目d1 営c2 25 目d2 営×b3 26 点h6 當×c4 27 国d7 當a6 28 當e3 Qf6 29 白d1 신d5 30 쌀b3 且b8 31 신e3 f4 32 신f1 �h8 33 骨h3 且e8 34 点×f4 h5 35 点d2 且e7 36 □×e7 公×e7 37 学e6 c5 38 学×a6 b×a6 39 点e3 c4 40 ()d2 ()d5 41 ()xa7 c3 42 bxc3 ()xc3 43 ሷb6 ውg7 44 ሷa5 ᡚd5 45 ውf1 ሷe7 46 ᡚc4 ውf6 47 ውe2 ሷc5 48 f3 ፟፟፟፟ጏf4† 49 ውf1 ውe6 50 g3 වුd5 51 Qd2 වු7 52 ලු2ෙ වු66 53 ලුd3 ⊈d5 54 h3 幻d4 55 幻e3† ⊈e6 56 f4 e×f4 57 g×f4 Df3 58 Qc3 Dg1 59 h4 Df3 60 Dg2 0-1

Schach 2.6 — Philidor 1 e4 c5 2 신 3 d6 3 d4 c×d4 4 신×d4 신 f6 5 신c3 a6 6 요g5 신bd7 7 요e2 e5 8 신f5 쌍b6 9 쌍c1 쌍c6 10 요f3 g6 11 신e3 요e7 12 O-O O-O 13 신g4 且e8 14 신h6+ 쌍f8 15 h3 b5 16 a4 b4 17 신d5 신×d5 18 e×d5 쌍c4 19 요×e7+ 쌍xe7 20 b3 쌍c3 21 且d1 신c5 22 신g4 e4 23 요e2 요×g4 24 요×g4 f5 25 요e2 쌍d7 26 且a2 e3 27 fxe3 且xe3 28 요c4 且c8 29 ঙf2 신e4 33 且d4 且e1+ 34 ঙh2 신c3 35 且b2 且a8 36 요d3 a5 37 요b5+ 신xb5 38 axb5 且b8 39 c4 bxc3 43 且xc3 且xd5 44 ঙg3

且d4 45 会f2 且d2† 46 会f3 h6 47 g4 f×g4† 48 h×g4 会e6 49 会e3 且a2 50 会f3 会f6 51 且d3 会e5 52 且e3† 会d5 53 且d3† 会e6 54 且c3 d5 55 且c6† 会e7 56 且c7† 会f6 57 且c6† 会g7 58 会f4 且a1 59 会e5 %—%

Savant X — Chaos 1 e4 c5 2 c3 与f6 3 e5 与d5 4 d4 c×d4 5 c×d4 d6 6 与f3 与c6 7 全c4 与b6 8 鱼b5 e6 9 鱼g5 鱼e7 10 鱼×e7 党×e7 11 与c3 鱼d7 12 O-O O-O 13 昌e1 a6 14 鱼d3 d×e5 15 d×e5 党c5 16 党c2 h6 17 a4 与b4 18 党e2 与xd3 19 党×d3 昌ac8 20 a5 与d5 21 昌ec1 昌fd8 22 h3 鱼c6 23 与xd5 党×d5 24 党×d5 昌xd5 25 昌c3 昌cd8 26 吕c4 昌d3 27 与h2 昌d1+ 28 昌xd1 昌xd1+ 29 与f1 鱼b5 30 吕c8+ 全h7 31 全h2 昌xf1 32 全g3 鱼c6 33 吕c7 全g6 34 h4 昌e1 35 f4 吕e2 36 b4 吕xg2+ 37 全h3 吕b2 38 h5+ 党×h5 39 莒xf7 吕xb4 40 全g3 吕b2 41 吕e7 吕g2+ 42 全h3 g5 43 fxg5 吕xg5 44 吕f7 吕xe5 45 全g3 吕xa5 46 全f4 吕f5+ 47 吕xf5+ exf5 48 全xf5 a5 0-1

Ostrich — Sfinks X 1 e4 c5 2 与f3 e6 3 c3 d5 4 负b5t 负d7 5 负xd7t 与xd7 6 exd5 exd5 7 O-O 与gf6 8 d4 负e7 9 负f4 O-O 10 dxc5 与xc5 11 管e2 管d7 12 与bd2 贯fe8 13 b4 负d6 14 负e3 与ce4 15 豆ac1 与g4 16 管d3 与xe3 17 fxe3 与f6 18 莒fe1 豆ac8 19 管d4 管a4 20 e4 dxe4 21 与xe4 与xe4 22 互xe4 互xe4 23 管xe4 负xb4 24 管xb7 负c5t 25 管h1 豆d8 26 管b3 管xb3 27 axb3 豆d3 28 与e1 豆e3 29 b4 负e7 30 与f3 负f6 31 c4 豆b3 32 b5 豆b2 33 h3 管f8 34 h4 管e7 35 豆a1 豆c2 36 豆xa7t 管d6 37 互xf7 管c5 38 豆c7t 管b4 39 b6 负b2 40 b7 豆c1t 41 管h2 负f6 42 b8管t1-0

Chaturanga 2.0 — Pion 1 e4 d6 2 d4 与f6 3 与c3 g6 4 f4 身g7 5 与f3 O-O 6 身c4 与xe4 7 与xe4 d5 8 身xd5 学xd5 9 只c5 只c6 10 与h4 学xd4 11 学xd4 只xd4 12 安d2 且d8 13 与d3 身f6 14 g3 身xh4 15 gxh4 身f5 16 目d1 与f3+17 安e2 身g4 18 安f2 与d4 19 国d2 与xc2 20 国xc2 国xd3 21 负e3 c6 22 国g1 身f5 23 国c5 安f8 24 且e5 b6 25 安e2 国ad8 26 且g5 e6 27 国g3 f6 28 身xb6 axb6 29 且ee3 且d2+30 安f3 国xh2 31 且b3 国xh4 32 国xb6 且d3+33 安g2 身e4+34 安f2 国xf4+35 安e2 国xg3 36 且b8+ 安g7 37 且b7+安h6 38 且f7 身d3+39 安d2 目f2+40 安c3 c5 41 且d7 身b5+42 且d3 国xd3# 0-1

#### Round 4

Cray Blitz — Belle 1 e4 e5 2 වාය වා6 3 ඛc4 වාc6 4 d3 ඛc5 5 වා63 d6 6 ඛg5 වාa5 7 ඛxf6 ප්රාත් 8 වාd5 ප්රම් 9 b4 වාxc4 10 bxc5 c6 11 d×c4 c×d5 12 c×d5 皆a5t 13 皆d2 皆xc5 14 O-O O-O 15 目abl b6 16 皆b4 f5 17 皆xc5 b×c5 18 口d2 f×e4 19 口×e4 Qa6 20 目fc1 Qc4 21 口×d6 Q×d5 22 c4 Qc6 23 口b7 Q×b7 24 日×b7 百万 25 日b5 日c8 26 f3 ⑤f8 27 日e1 日e7 28 ⑤f2 g6 29 日d1 e4 30 日e1 e×f3 31 日×e7 ⑤xe7 32 日b7t ⑤e6 33 g×f3 日d8 34 日×a7 日d4 35 日×h7 日×c4 36 日c7 ⑤d5 37 a3 日c2t 38 ⑤g3 c4 39 日d7t ⑤e6 40 日g7 ⑤f5 41 日c7 ⑤e6 42 日c6t ⑤d5 43 日×g6 c3 44 日g7 ⑤c4 45 h4 日c1 46 日c7t ⑤b3 47 日b7t ⑤a2 48 ⑤f4 c2 49 日c7 ⑤b1 50 日b7t ⑤a2 51 日c7 ⑤b1 52 日b7t ⑤a2 ½-½

Nuchess — Bebe 1 c3 e5 2 d4 e×d4 3 c×d4 d5 4 ᡚc3 <u>Q</u>e7 5 e3 ᡚf6 6 <u>Q</u>d3 O-O 7 ᡚf3 公6 8 O-O 星e8 9 a3 Qg4 10 h3 Q×f3 11 쌉×f3 三c8 12 b4 a6 13 요d2 요f8 14 g4 h6 15 h4 De4 16 D×e4 d×e4 17 D×e4 🗳×h4 18 鱼xc6 bxc6 19 含g2 含g5 20 且ac1 含d5 21 當×d5 c×d5 22 目c6 a5 23 b×a5 目e6 24 目×e6 fxe6 25 点b4 且b8 26 且c1 点xb4 27 且b1 全f7 28 a×b4 c6 29 a6 且a8 30 且a1 且a7 31 公g3 **Φe7 32 e4 Φd7 33 Φf4 Φd6 34 f3 耳f7† 35** фе3 <u>Ba7</u> 36 exd5 exd5 37 **фf4** фе6 38 фg3 **☆**e7 39 **☆**h4 g6 40 f4 **☆**f7 41 且a2 **☆**e6 42 国a3 \$f6 43 \$g3 \$pe6 44 国a1 \$pf6 45 国a2 **ゆ**e6 46 耳a3 **ゆ**f6 47 **ゆ**f3 **ゆ**e6 48 耳a2 **ゆ**f6 49 且a4 中e6 50 且a5 中f6 51 中g3 中e6 52 \$\psi\$h4 \$\psi\$f6 53 b5 c×b5 54 且×b5 且×a6 55 且×d5 国a3 56 国e5 国f3 57 g5t h×g5t 58 f×g5t 🕁g7 59 d5 且d3 60 **虚**g4 **虚**f8 61 **虚**f4 且d4† 62 фf8 66 ф×d4 фg7 67 d6 фh8 68 ቯe7 фg8 69 d7 含h8 70 d8合# 1-0

Chaos — Ostrich 1 d4 口f6 2 c4 e6 3 口c3 点b4 4 當c2 O-O 5 a3 点xc3+ 6 當xc3 口c6 7 口f3 d6 8 点g5 h6 9 点h4 b6 10 e3 点a6 11 d5 exd5 12 cxd5 点xf1 13 三xf1 口b8 14 点xf6 谐xf6 15 谐xf6 gxf6 16 三c1 口a6 17 中e2 h5 18 三c4 电g7 19 三fc1 口c5 20 b4 口a6 21 g3 三h8 22 三c6 三hc8 23 口d4 电f8 24 口b5 三e8 25 口xc7 口xc7 26 三xc7 三e7 27 三xe7 包xe7 28 三c7+ 中e8 29 电f3 a6 30 三c6 电d7 31 三xb6 电c7 32 三c6+ 电d7 33 电f4 a5 34 b5 a4 35 三a6 三xa6 36 bxa6 电c7 37 电f5 电b6 38 电xf6 电xa6 39 电e7 电a5 40 电xd6 电b5 41 电e7 f5 42 d6 电c4 43 d7 电b3 44 f4 电xa3 45 d8世 电b4 46 曾d4+ 电b5 47 管d3+ 电b4 48 世xf5 a3 49 管xh5 a2 50 管h8 1-0

Advance 2.4 — Schach 2.6 1 e4 e5 2 ይf3 ይc6 3 ይb5 a6 4 ይa4 ይf6 5 O-O ይe7 6 Ee1 b5 7 ይb3 d6 8 c3 O-O 9 d3 ይa5 10 ይc2 c5 11 h3 c4 12 d\*c4 ይ\*c4 13 a4 ይd7 14 b3 ይb6 15 a\*b5 ይ\*b5 16 c4 ይc6 17 ይc3 h6 18 田e2 りbd7 19 Qa3 皆c7 20 りd5 りxd5 21 exd5 Qb7 22 りd4 りc5 23 りf5 Qg5 24 b4 りd7 25 Qb3 目fc8 26 Qc1 Qf6 27 目e4 りf8 28 目g4 りg6 29 c5 h5 30 目c4 dxc5 31 bxc5 皆d7 32 りd6 目xc5 33 目xc5 皆xd6 34 目ca5 e4 35 目1a2 日c8 36 目5a4 Qe5 37 日xe4 Qh2† 38 \$\delta\$h1 h4 39 Qg5 Qf4 40 日c2 目b8 41 Qxf4 りxf4 42 皆g4 りxd5 43 皆h5 g6 44 皆xh4 Qc6 45 目ec4 りe7 46 Qa2 皆d1† 47 \$\delta\$h2 目c5 \$\delta\$g6 51 目c5 \$\delta\$g7 52 Qc4 f5 53 目e5 目e8 54 目d4 \$\delta\$f6 55 目c5 \$\delta\$g5 56 目d6 Qb5 57 Qxb5 axb5 58 目e5 \$\delta\$c6 62 目a6 1-0

Philidor — Fidelity X 1 e4 c5 2 Df3 Dc6 3 \$65 e6 4 \$1c3 a6 5 \$e2 d5 6 O−O d4 7 \$161 \$\text{\text{of}6} 8 d3 \text{\text{\text{d}6}} 6 9 \text{\text{\text{g}5}} O−O 10 \text{\text{\text{D}a}3} h6 11 ሷd2 e5 12 ᡚc4 ሷc7 13 a4 ሷe6 14 b3 b5 15 a×b5 a×b5 16 旦×a8 🗳×a8 17 🞝b2 🚨a5 18 요×a5 沓×a5 19 쌀a1 且a8 20 쌀×a5 且×a5 21 国c1 国a2 22 国b1 公d7 23 公h4 公b4 24 公d1 g6 25 h3 \$\diphrightarrow\hat{h}7 26 \$\diphrightarrow\hat{f}3 f5 27 exf5 \$\diphrightarrow\kappa\f 5 28 ᡚd2 ᡚd5 29 g4 ሷe6 30 ᡚe4 ᡚc3 31 ᡚ×c3 dxc3 32 公c4 bxc4 33 bxc4 会g7 34 会g2 且b2 35 日a1 當f6 36 日a3 當g5 37 日xc3 雲h4 38 国a3 h5 39 国a6 公f8 40 国a8 公h7 41 国h8 公f6 42 目f8 公d7 43 目e8 目b6 44 目h8 公f6 45 点f3 目b2 46 c3 目c2 47 目h6 含g5 48 目h8 国xc3 49 gxh5 gxh5 50 国d8 Qd7 51 Qe2 \$\psi\$h4 52 目f8 &\text{\$\text{\$\sigma}\$h3\psi\$ 53 \$\psi\$h2 目c2 54 目xf6 且xe2 55 雲g1 且e1+ 56 雲h2 点f1 57 且d6 e4 58 d4 <u>∆</u>e2 59 d×c5 <u>∆</u>f3 0–1

Pion — Savant X 1 白f3 d5 2 g3 白f6 3 요g2 니c6 4 O-O e5 5 d3 요g4 6 h3 요xf3 7 요xf3 e4 8 요g2 요c5 9 니d2 쌀e7 10 c4 e3 11 fxe3 쌀xe3† 12 쌀h2 쌀e6 13 白b3 요d4 14 cxd5 니xd5 15 시xd4 시xd4 16 e4 시b6 17 요e3 O-O-O 18 h4 쌀b8 19 요h3 쌀e7 20 a4 h6 21 a5 니c8 22 쌀a4 니e6 23 트ad1 g5 24 요xe6 쌀xe6 25 요d4 gxh4 26 요xh8 hxg3† 27 ₾xg3 트xh8 28 쌀d4 트g8† 29 �h2 쌀g4 0-1

Sfinks X — Chaturanga 2.0 1 d4 d5 2 c4 c6 3 c×d5 발×d5 4 白c3 발c4 5 e4 발b4 6 a3 발a5 7 요d3 白f6 8 白f3 요g4 9 O-O 白bd7 10 b4 발h5 11 요e2 O-O-O 12 요f4 白b6 13 h3 요e6 14 白g5 발h4 15 g3 발h6 16 白×e6 발×h3 17 白g5 발h6 18 白×f7 발h3 19 日×h8 e5 20 요×e5 요×b4 21 요×f6 표×d4 22 요×d4 h5 23 a×b4 c5 24 b×c5 白d7 25 표×a7 발b8 26 c6 발×f1+ 27 요×f1 白f8 28 표×b7+ 발c8 29 요b6 디d7 30 발×d7# 1-0

**Blind Simultaneous Exhibition** 

Valvo — Bebe 1 d4 公f6 2 公f3 d5 3 众g5 公e4 4 公h4 公c6 5 e3 當d6 6 c3 公f5 7 公bd2 公xd2 8 當xd2 公e4 9 公e2 公xf3 10 公xf3 當h6 11 公g3 O-O-O 12 b4 e6 13 a4 公d6 14 公xd6 区xd6 15 O-O 区hd8 16 区fc1 f5 17 c4 dxc4 18 区xc4 区xd4 19 當c3 区xc4 20 當xc4 区d6 21 区c1 f4 22 b5 fxe3 23 bxc6 exf2† 24 公xf2 b6 25 當a6† 公d8 26 當xa7 當d2† 27 公g3 當g5† 28 公f2 當d2† ½-½

Valvo — Pion 1 e4 d6 2 d4 의 6 3 의 6 4 으 2 요 7 5 의 6 10 O-O 6 O-O 6 7 a 4 발 7 8 d5 필 8 9 요 3 \$\dagger\$ 하 8 10 a 5 \$\dagger\$ 8 11 h 3 의 b d 7 12 의 4 월 6 8 13 발 d2 월 b 8 14 월 6 1 입 5 15 요 6 3 월 6 8 16 요 h 6 e5 17 d x e 6 f x e 6 18 요 x g 7 연 x g 7 19 발 g 5 월 d8 20 b 4 h 6 21 발 g 3 의 a 6 22 월 a b 1 e 5 23 의 6 5 2 4 e x f 5 g 5 2 5 h 4 의 7 2 6 h x g 5 일 x g 5 2 7 의 4 2 h 8 2 8 의 x g 5 h x g 5 2 9 발 x g 5 발 g 7 30 발 e 3 월 a 8 31 g 4 발 f 8 32 발 g 2 발 f 6 33 월 h 1 † 발 g 7 3 4 2 e 4 d 5 3 5 g 5 발 d 6 3 6 f 6 † \$\dagger\$ 8 3 7 발 h 3 d x e 4 3 8 발 h 7 † \$\dagger\$ 8 3 9 발 g 7 1 -0

Valvo — Fidelity X 1 45f3 c5 2 e4 45c6 3 Qb5 e6 4 O-O Qge7 5 且e1 a6 6 Qf1 d5 7 ሷc3 d4 8 ᡚe2 ᡚg6 9 ᡚg3 ቧe7 10 d3 O−O 11 a4 요d7 12 \$\dagger h1 \$\dagger b6 13 \Q\d2 \Q\ce5 14 b3 f5 15 Qc4 Qxc4 16 bxc4 fxe4 17 Qxe4 e5 18 皆h5 皆b4 19 요d2 皆b2 20 且ec1 且f5 21 발d1 발b6 22 요e2 目ff8 23 요g4 발c7 24 호×d7 쌀×d7 25 쌀e2 진f4 26 호×f4 且×f4 27 且f1 且af8 28 由g1 曾e6 29 且ab1 b6 30 a5 bxa5 31 且a1 皆b6 32 且fb1 皆c7 33 且b3 요d8 34 学d2 学c6 35 学c1 且4f7 36 学a3 요b6 37 国ab1 国b7 38 當b2 国fb8 39 當a3 a4 40 国3b2 且f8 41 且a1 且ff7 42 當xa4 當xa4 43 且xa4 Qa7 44 Baa2 Bxb2 45 Bxb2 Be7 46 会f1 ෯f8 47 ෯e2 h6 48 එd2 g6 49 එc1 එe8 50 **Φb1 ውd7 51 ውa2 ው**c6 52 ውa3 <u>፲</u>b7 53 <u>፲</u>b3 ሷb6 54 \$a4 a5 55 f3 且a7 56 {\}f6 h5 57 **全**f7 64 む×a5 且a7 65 且b7† 且×b7 66 む×b7 ሷe7 67 фb5 фe6 68 ᡚ×c5† фf7 1-0

- 1. Participants are required to attend a meeting at 6 p.m. on Saturday, October 22nd, for the purpose of officially registering for the tournament. Rules will be discussed at that meeting. The tournament director has the right to choose an alternate to replace any entry which fails to appear.
- 2. Each entry is a computing system. Operators to supervise the system are also considered part of the entry. A listing of all programs running on that system should be available on demand to the tournament director.
- 3. The tournament is a five round Swiss style tournament with trophies to be awarded to the first three finishers.
- 4. The first round will be played Saturday, October 22nd, at 7:30 p.m., the second and third rounds are scheduled for Sunday, October 23rd at 1:00 p.m. and 7:30 p.m., the fourth round is scheduled for Monday, October 24th, at 7:30 p.m., and the fifth round on Tuesday, October 25th, at 7:30 p.m.
- 5. Unless otherwise specified, rules of play are identical to those of regular "human" tournament play. If a point is in question, the tournament director has the authority to make the final decision.
- 6. Games are played at a speed of 40 moves per player in the first two hours and then 10 moves every 30 minutes thereafter.
- 7. The tournament director has the right to adjudicate a game after five hours of total clock time. The adjudication will be made on premise that perfect chess will be played by both sides from the final position.
- 8. The order of finish of the participants will be determined by the total number of points earned. If two teams have an equal number of points, the sum of opponents' points will be used as a second factor. If a tie still remains, the opponents' points will be used as a third factor.
- 9. At the end of each game, each team is required to submit a game listing to the tournament director.
- 10. Any computing system can be used. Permission to change computing systems must be obtained from the tournament director.
- 11. A computing system can request that its own program be changed (i.e., a new module inserted) if the way in which the request will be made by the computer is submitted in writing to the TD before the first round begins. The TD has the right not to accept the procedure if it is felt that there is any human decision-making involved.
- 12. A team may request the tournament director to stop its clock at most twice during the course of the game because of technical difficulties. The clock must be restarted each time after at most 15 minutes. If the team can clearly establish that its problems are not in its own computing system but in the telephone network or in the communication facilities provided by the Tournament Committee, the tournament director can permit additional time-outs.
- 13. There is no manual adjustment of program parameters during the course of a game. In the case of failures, the program parameters must be reset to their original settings if it is at all possible. Information regarding castling status, en passant status, etc., may be typed in after a failure. If at any time during the course of a game the computer asks for the time remaining on either his or his opponent's clock, this information may be provided. However, the computer must initiate the request for information.
  - 14. Each game is officially played on a chess board provided by the Tournament Organizing Committee. An electronic chess board used by one side can be substituted if the other side is agreeable. The official clock is provided by the TOC. If both sides are agreeable, another clock can be used.

#### Books:

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Clarke, M.R.B., (ed.) (1980) Advances in Computer Chess II, Edinburgh University Press, Edinburgh, Scotland.

Frey, P. (ed.) (1977) Chess Skill in Man and Machine, Springer Verlag, New York.

Hayes, J. and Levy, D., (1976) The World Computer Chess Championship, University of Edinburgh Press.

Levy, D., (1976) 1975 U.S. Computer Chess Championship, Computer Science Press, Potomac, Maryland.

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Levy, D., and Newborn, M., (1980) More Chess and Computers, Computer Science Press, Potomac, Maryland.

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Newborn, M., (1975) Computer Chess, Academic Press, New York.

Newborn, M., (1979) "Recent Progress in Computer Chess", Advances in Computers, Vol. 19, Academic Press, New York, pp. 58-119.

Spracklen, D. and Spracklen, K., <u>SARGON: A Computer Chess Program</u>, Hayden Book Company, Rochelle Park, NJ., 1978.

#### Magazines:

In recent years, articles on computer chess have appeared in many magazines including DISCOUVER. Graduate Engineer, Sports Illustrated, Scientific American, Science Magazine, Nature, The Mathematical Intelligencer, Chess Life, Personal Computing, the ACM's SIGART Newsletter and many others.

#### The ACM Computer Chess Committee:

In 1979 the ACM established the Computer Chess Committee as a standing Committee on the Management Board responsible for organizing computer chess events within the ACM. Its primary responsibility is to put together a successful tournament every year at the ACM's Annual Conference. Normally this is the North American Computer Chess Championship. For this time only, the world championship is being held in its place. Committee members are M. Newborn (chair), B. Mittman (vice-chair), K. Thompson, K. Spracklen, and T. Marsland.

#### The ICCA:

Established at the Second World Computer Chess Championship in Toronto in 1977, the International Computer Chess Association currently has several hundred members. Ben Mittman serves as President and, until just recently, as Editor of the ICCA Newsletter which is published three or four times yearly. The ICCA Journal will appear in its place shortly with refereed papers. Yap van den Herik has assumed the Editorship. Monroe Newborn and Ken Thompson serve as Vice President and Secretary/Treasurer, respectively. Dues are \$10 (U.S.) for a one year membership. Interested individuals should write to Ken Thompson, Bell Telephone Laboratories, Room 2C, 423 Murray Hill, New Jersey 07974, USA.



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